

## Fleischman's Yeast

In our endeavour to give our customers the best we have acquired we offer Fleischman's Yeast. It is fresh and dependable. We receive a fresh shipment every second day. For good results every bake day give it a trial.

AT IRMA CO-OP at 2 cakes for 5 cents.

# IRMA TIMES

PUBLISHED IN THE INTERESTS OF IRMA AND SURROUNDING DISTRICT

Vol. II No. 10.

Irma, Alberta, Canada, Friday, April 12th, 1918

\$1.50 Per Year in Canada; Foreign Countries \$2.00

## BEST STOCK SHOW HELD IN THE WEST

The Spring Live Stock show held at Edmonton last week was one of the most successful events of the kind ever held in western Canada. To the stock raiser the exhibits and awards were of great educational value, and new standards were set as quality and production.

In fact swine the awards were of particular interest, the animals being placed in three groups, bacon, medium and fat.

Yorks set the standard in bacon sections, while Berkshires and Tamworths followed in the order named. The Berkshires set the type in the medium-thick, but there were of Duro-Berkshires and Berkshires-Tamworths in the mix-up. The thicks were chiefly Durcows.

Judge Elliott was of the opinion that the Berkshires were the outstanding hogs both in breeding and commercial classes.

Judge Wilson pronounced the fat classes of cattle the best finished and best quality beef he had ever seen in an Alberta ring.

James McCaig, who judged the sheep, said that the exhibits were the best any of spring show.

One of the interesting features during the week was the calf feeding contest by boys and girls. Numerous children entered this contest for \$1,250, which was offered in prizes by the packers, stockyards and breed associations. This was largest prize ever offered in Edmonton for single section or event. W. A. Day, Red Deer, headed the list of prize winners.

The sale of purchased horses caused considerable interest, an excellent class of animals being exhibited.

The bull sale was also very successful and many animals exchanged owners. Shorthorns were in the majority.

## IS STARVATION DUE THIS YEAR?

According to official figures literal starvation faces the world for the year 1918 unless extraordinary efforts toward an increase in production this summer are made effective. The information received is to the effect that the falling off in production for 1917 in all cereals was so serious that already the wheat sheaves of the world are today practically depleted, while a poor crop this coming season would bring actual famine.

The information is to the effect that in 1917 the wheat nations of the world produced 1,860,000,000 bushels of wheat, as against a five-year average of 2,157,000,000 bushels. In other words, the combined production of the last two years is less than the normal consumption for one year at the present rate.

The gist of the information is to the effect that the calls upon the reserves established in the big year of 1915 have been so great that the last supplies are being fast dissipated. The Canadian government is considering a scheme to increase production which may entail an expenditure of \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000, this information conveys, and it is presumed that the scheme entails bonuses on certain productions.

Dr. Max Mecklenburg, graduate optician will again be at Irma drug store, Thursday, April 18th, Viking hotel, Friday, April 19th. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges moderate.

## CANADIAN FLAX FOR AEROPLANES

## FIRST COW BOUGHT ON CREDIT TWIN HEIFER CALVES AT START PIONEER HERD OF RED POLLS

J. H. Elliott of Irma has Achieved Success With Red Polled Cattle, Berkshire Hogs, Small Fruits, Garden Truck and Trees—Neighbors Honor His Three Score and Ten Years of Sincere Service.

Word has been received at Ottawa that Colonel Wayland of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces has been requested by the War Office to immediately proceed to Canada to supervise the distribution of fibre flax seed which it is anticipated will be urgently required in order to supply the manufacturing needs for aeroplanes in the near future.

As the importance of these supplies cannot be exaggerated it is exceedingly desirable that there shall be cordial co-operation between the farmer who will sow "this" special flax seed and Colonel Wayland who will distribute the seed to be sown. Colonel Wayland has been empowered to offer suitable terms to farmers sowing this seed. He is proceeding to Canada at an early date and in the meantime enquiries may be addressed to him c/o Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

## Has Formaldehyde Been Tampered With?

Rumors have reached the Dept. of Agriculture that formaldehyde has been tampered with by alien enemies, with the object of destroying seed treated for smut. The Department have secured about thirty samples of formaldehyde from different parts of the province, wheat and oats, and are being germinated at the three Schools of Agriculture and the University. Reliable information cannot be given out for four or five days. As soon as possible all papers in the province will be advised of the result of these tests.

The only advice that the Dept. have to give is for farmers to treat their grain with Bluestone, at the rate of one pound to ten gallons of water. Sprinkle thoroughly and leave for at least one hour. This method has proven to be quite effective.

## ALBERTA FAIR DATES.

Calgary, June 21-22.  
Edmonton, June 28-July 5.  
Ottokots, July 17.  
High River, July 18-19.  
Lethbridge, July 19-20.  
Benalto, July 22-27.  
Swallowell, July 23-24.  
Lacombe, July 25-26.  
Red Deer, July 26-27.  
Camrose, August 6-7.  
Daysland, August 6-7.  
Sedgewick, August 8.  
Provost, August 9.  
Strome-Killam, August 13.  
Wainwright, August 14.  
Chauvin, August 15.  
Edmonton, August 16.  
Wetaskiwin, August 20-21.  
Lamont, August 22.  
Claremont, July 22-23.  
Munson, August 23.  
Stettler, August 16-17.  
Castor, August 19-20.  
Coronation, August 21-22.  
Big Valley, August 24.  
Edmore, July 30-31.  
Stettler, July 31-August 1.  
Betton, August 2-3.  
Lomond, August 3-4.  
Winnipeg, August 6-7.  
Innisfail, August 8-9.  
Ironwood, August 9-10.  
Strathmore, August 20-21.  
Manyberries, August 22.  
Taber, August 22-23.  
Fort Saskatchewan, September 4.  
Innisfail, September 5-6.  
Merrifield, September 10.  
Lloydminster, September 13-14.  
Tofield, September 18.  
Holden, September 19.  
Viking, September 20.

Coming to Alberta thirteen years ago to spy out the promised land for a party of immigrants from Michigan, J. H. Elliott was so well pleased with what he saw here that he came and located in what is now known as the Irma district, bringing with him the first herd of Red Poll cattle to be brought into the province.

This pioneer Alberta breeder of Red Poll cattle won \$1,200 in prizes with his herd last fall at the fair at Red Deer, Calgary, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Yorkton and Weyburn, part of the time in competition against the champion Red Poll herd of the world. He has sold \$950 worth of these fine cattle to F. H. Wise, of Galahad, and besides has sold \$900 worth of young bulls in the last eight months.

## Had 15 Calves in 17 Years

When he bought his first Red Poll cow, he did so on credit of a year's time. She was killed last year in her 17th year. She had had 15 calves, beginning her family life with a pair of twins, both heifers. The whole of the Elliott herd except three are from that cow or her descendants. For twelve years the herd has kept on the increase and as time went by the progeny were sold, though enough were kept to keep up the home herd.

In 1907 the original herd of six head were imported from Michigan. From that herd he has raised from the present herd all told, 25 head of bulls, and still the demand continues keen for Red Poll bulls.

The Red Poll cattle are found to be very profitable, good rustlers in winter and they have no horns to cause bruises. The Red Poll cattle are good for both diary and beef and hence are unsurpassed as a dual purpose breed of cattle. They have the profit-making ability to turn feed into milk or beef. Not being inbred they are found less liable to tuberculosis. Milk from a red polled herd at Kinsella has tested 7 per cent. butter fat.

These cattle have a kindly disposition and are of a pretty and solid red color. They are of a hardy nature and well suited for a farmer's cow. They not only have no horns but also have by-cross breeding with horned cattle, a tendency to breed the horns off other cattle.

Mr. Elliott finds the demand so keen that he can not keep the two-year old bulls. They are sold off as yearlings. As a sample of the cross grades, a calf, half Red Poll and half Shorthorn at the age of 27 months, weighed 1,600 lbs. or over, yet it was never grain fed and it rustled around the straw stack all winter long.

J. H. Elliott & Sons farm a section of land at Irma with 220 acres in crop, a herd of 40 pure bred registered Red Poll cattle, 5 grade cattle, a bunch of pure bred Berkshire hogs and 15 head of horses.

**A Young Man of 70 Years**  
Mr. Elliott celebrated his 70th birthday recently and over half a hundred of his neighbors gathered to do him honor and respect and present him tokens of their neighborly esteem. He still carries a gold watch which was presented to him by his neighbors when he left Michigan. Like many other westerners, he was born in Ontario. But of the east, south and west he now loves Alberta best. But what is more he has tried his best to

make Alberta better because he has lived here. He is first vice-president of the Irma Agricultural Society, a director of the Irma Co-operative Society, and a director of the Alberta Provincial Cattle Breeders' Association; also a director of the Canadian Red Poll Association.

Though he is three score years and ten, yet he is quite Hale and hearty, and as his neighbors said in their recent address to him, "There are few public enterprises in the neighborhood in which Mr. Elliott is not an active participant."

They call him the young man at seventy years.

Besides his chief achievement with Red Poll cattle, he has had good success with Berkshires hogs, raised for commercial purposes. Two sows had 29 pigs, but 18 died, out of the two litters, but still there was a profit with what was left to live to maturity.

## A Garden Achievement

For the best quarter-acre garden in the Irma district he has won first two years in succession. He tries to get all the vegetables best suited to the district and has success with 25 varieties of vegetables. With small fruits he has had best success with red, black and white currants, and two years ago picked 7 bushels of currants. He says that a farmer's life is too short to spend time running around over the prairie looking for wild berries when such splendid small fruits can be grown in the home garden.

Finally he has had success with strawberries, his first importation was too long in the mail and they died. However, he got a start from Manitoba and they lived. He sold over a thousand plants last year, grown from a hundred plants imported the year before. He has not found it necessary to take any extra special care with the strawberries. He got them in June, when the ground was moist. In the fall, after the ground was frozen he put straw over them, but takes the straw off them in the spring to prevent the hot sun on the straw wilting the plants. Last winter they were not covered and they came out fine. He has two acres set out for small fruits. In Michigan he had an orchard of ten acres. He has tried apples, cherries and plums, bringing the fruit trees from Ontario, but they were not acclimated and they all died. However the currant bushes have been extra successful.

## Beauties Communities

The Elliott homestead is a conspicuous beauty spot on the landscape for a shelter belt of trees has been planted around the home. This plantation contains 1,200 trees and encloses two acres. To the north and west shelter from the stormy blasts is provided by four rows with Russian Willow on the outskirts, Manitoba Maple and Green Ash. To the east and south two rows are planted. The trees are planted four feet apart in a zig-zag, and a few Russian Poplars are placed here and there through the grove.

As another instance of his neighborliness, the local United Farm Women have secured the services of this young man of seventy years on account of his successful experience in tree planting and horticulture, to be superintendent of parks for the Irma Agricultural Society. Ex-

## DAYLIGHT SAVING STARTS APRIL 15

Ottawa, April 9.—Sir Robert Borden intimated tonight that Canada's daylight saving ill go into effect on Monday, April 15.

The bill, which is now before the Senate, will be put through its various stages this week and assented to. The necessary proclamation to bring the bill into effect will appear in the Canada Gazette on Saturday, and the clocks will be advanced an hour at midnight on Sunday.

## COAL SPRINGS

Elmer Erickson went to Edmonton on Wednesday, returning on Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. Erickson, who has recovered from her recent operation.

H. Knudson unloaded his new 15-30 tractor shipped in from Edmonton and will bring it to the farm in a few days.

We understand that Carl Linquist is arranging for the purchase of the fractional N.E. 1/4 of Section 4-45-10 on the Frank Linquist estate.

Mr. Christensen has now completed his new barn, after having suspended work on it last fall, owing to winter weather.

Fred and Albert Knudson have purchased a Ford.

C. J. Knudson is completing the erection of a machine shed, 15x30.

Lutheran services were conducted at the school house on Sunday last by Rev. Hoversten of Ryley.

## Farewell Dance and Supper.

A number of the young folks attended a farewell dance in Irvin's hall on Tuesday evening in honor of Rudd Thunell, who left Wednesday morning for the military training camp of the Royal Flying Corps, Toronto. Dancing commenced about 9:30 and everyone enjoyed themselves, "tripping the light fantastic" until 11:30 when a rush was made for the King Edward dining room where a dainty supper was laid out. Here again everyone enjoyed themselves if the amount of good things that were stored away is any indication.

After supper Mr. Purvis in an eloquent address expressed the feelings of the whole assembly. The crowd then repaired to the hall and resumed the dancing which was continued into the "wee sma' hours". Altogether a most enjoyable evening was spent.—Viking Correspondent, "Slim".

## Irma Choral Society.

At the Choral society meeting on Saturday evening last it was decided to abandon the meeting until the summer's work is over, when it is hoped a better and bigger society may take hold of its meetings again. Some of the young people present decided to come together for a social evening in the church basement on alternate Wednesday evenings, beginning on April 17th.

Port neighbor, as he is, he will simply cut slips from his own Russian Poplar trees to plant in the fair grounds grove.

The community that has successful neighbors such as J. H. Elliott is exceedingly fortunate, not only on account of his own achievements but also because of the genial whole-hearted co-operation which his presence encourages in the community. The Bulletin joins with his neighbors in wishing him many more years of useful life as a faithful citizen of Alberta, who is nobly doing his part to make the province a better place in which to live.—Edmonton Bulletin

## Pattern Department

Make your own garments this winter Home made clothes are more serviceable, wear longer and are warmer than ready made clothes. We stock both "Butterick" and "Lady Home Journal". Patterns of any article of men's, women's or children's wear at

IRMA CO-OP CO.

Mr. A. G. Walker is in Irma. He has sold his farm to Mr. J. P. Gray. Mrs. Tripp will be "At Home" to her friends after May 1st.

The farmers in the Irma district are now busy preparing for bumper crops.

Mr. A. G. Walker is busy painting the house occupied by H. McElrath.

Mr. R. A. Mason has moved his family from Edmonton to the R. Bell farm at Clark Manor.

M. Mecklenburg, optician at Irma drug store again on Thursday April 18th.

Mr. H. Knudson unloaded a new tractor this week. It will be used on his farm southwest of town.

Take your cream and eggs to F. W. Watkinson at Swifts Cream Station, Irma, and sell for spot cash.

Watch out for fires. Too much care cannot be exercised for the next few weeks. Fire will travel very fast in the dry grass.

Mr. E. C. Noyes of Calgary spent a couple of days here last week looking over the district with the object of starting a hotel.

G. A. and Mrs. Tripp are back home in Irma after spending the winter on the Pacific coast, going as far south as Los Angeles and Long Beach, California.

Smoke from prairie fires have been seen north and east of town. Settlers should be very careful with fire as the grass is in good shape to burn.

Mr. E. La Croix has purchased the house and lot near the north end of main street from Mr. S. Cameron, and will move in as soon as vacated.

Several auto drivers had very sad experiences trying to navigate mud holes. The occupants of one car had to sleep in a hay mow till morning rather than travel in the dark.

Mr. Geo. Dickie has purchased the lot and shop on second street from Mr. S. Cameron. George expects to build a new general store building on this and the adjoining lot.

Mr. R. E. Loss has shipped his stock and machinery from Perdue, Sask. and has moved on the Williamson quarter north east of town. He purchased this place early in the spring.

Pte. A. J. McDermid who enlisted with the 51st returned to Irma Tuesday, and will spend a few days visiting friends. He has to return to the Military hospital for further treatment, but hopes to be able to take another whack at the huns before the scrap is finished.

At Edmonds Hotel—E W Armstrong, A H Pryor, R A Mason, Edmonton; J T Templeton, Calgary; J Charlton, Edmonton; H Walford, Kinsella; W Pigeon, Wainwright; J C Hefford, Montana; T G Tiddifield, Berdare, Montana; L Piper, Alliance; J J White, A White, Greenshields; P J Harvey, Dysart, Sask.; W G Jackson, Greenshields.

## NOTICE

The Irma chopping mill will be open on the 4th and 5th of April. It will be closed after that date until after seedling when further notice will be given as to when it will be open again.

T. Coulterman.



## Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

# RAW FURS

We require immediately One Million Five Hundred Thousand Muskrat Skins (1,500,000), and Fifty Thousand Beaver Skins (50,000).

We have no time to issue Price Lists. Don't ask for any. Ship us your Muskrats. We will pay the very highest Market Prices. Put your own valuation on them if you wish, but ship to us. A trial shipment will convince you that we are the best buyers of Raw Furs in the World.

We have Stacks of Money.

We are no Pikers.

We are in the Market for the Entire Canadian Catch.

We buy all kinds of Canadian Raw Furs.

**The George Monteith Fur Co.**  
21 JARVIS STREET - TORONTO, ONTARIO

## FURTHER AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AS BASIS OF FUTURE PROSPERITY

### WORKINGS OF AGRICULTURAL INSTRUCTION ACT

A Wide Field is Being Covered by the Assistance of the Federal Government in Setting Aside the Sum of Ten Million Dollars For Distribution Among the Provinces

The promotion of welfare of the agricultural community as a basis for the industrial and commercial prosperity of the country was the object aimed at by the parliament of Canada when, in 1913, at the instance of the Minister of Agriculture, the Honorable Martin Burrell, it adopted the measure known as the agricultural instruction act. By means of this act the sum of ten million dollars was set apart for distribution among the provinces over a period of ten years to provide for a greater extension of instruction and education for those engaged in farming.

An investigation made prior to the introduction of the measure has revealed two outstanding deficiencies in connection with agricultural development. In the first instance, the response to the teachings of colleges of agriculture and experimental farms was too slow to effect an immediate and noteworthy improvement in the conditions surrounding farm life. This deficiency was found in the fact that little or no attempt was being made to adapt the country's educational system to the specific requirements of country boys and girls. The form of instruction was the same whether the child

was destined for employment in the cities.

The place of home in the disposal of the provinces in the manner indicated has led to a much wider extension of instructional work among the men and women and boys and girls in the rural districts.

A marked development of the short course idea has resulted in the introduction of courses in agricultural mechanics and household science throughout the country. These courses are designed not only for farmers and their sons, but for the young men and women who have left school and are about to enter agriculture and handicrafts as agents for former German soldiers.

It is pointed out, says a despatch from Rome, that experts to Switzerland in 1917 reported that 1,000,000 men, against 396,000,000 in 1916 and 314,000 in 1915. One-half of the exports last year are said to have been sent to India as well as to America, payment of £36,000 for expenses of an Indian infantry regiment and Gackwaa Baroda's gift of £3,000.

### Exports to Germany

Not only cotton and silk, but foodstuffs as well, have been exported to Germany by way of Switzerland in the past two years, according to latest figures. The following table depicts the amount of trade done with Germany during the last four years:

1913 - 1914 - 1915 - 1916  
£36,000,000 - 314,000 - 396,000,000 - 1,000,000  
The figures show that the exports were more fortunate as were the Americans. It was the Japanese army which forced the Chinese fleet out of Port Arthur and Wei-hai-wei; the Japanese army which captured the Spanish fleet to leave Santiago, to accept overwhelming defeat by sea. The Russo-Japanese war is of such recent date that it is difficult to recall the Japanese troops and not Japanese, seaman, captured Port Arthur, evicting the Russian fleet.

Stripping a Razor on the Hand

It is claimed that the finest strap for a razor is the fleshy part of one's hand. To strip it, simply finger it, it is a safety razor blade, grip the thumb and first finger of the right hand and strike finger nail and blade at the same time on the fleshy part of the hand. If you will do this slowly at first, the action becomes automatic. A little vaseline on the cutting edge is said to keep the blades constantly in first class condition.

"And now, children, we come to that important country, Germany, that is governed by a man called a kaiser," said the teacher. "Can anyone tell me what a kaiser is? Yes, we're learning about him."

"Please, ma'am, a kaiser is a stream of hot water springing up in the air and disturbin' the earth," said Alice.

PAIN? NOT A BIT!  
LIFT YOUR CORNS  
OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called tree zone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as shown at very little in price. Just apply to a drug store. Just ask for tree zone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the hand.

Not a twinge of pain, nor smarting, nor even the slightest smarting, either when applying the cream or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so that corns won't grow out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm.

For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or callus, as well as the most painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or stings. If your druggist hasn't any freeze out, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.

Brazil has, for the period of the war, abolished all private wireless stations and plants.

## A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand up without assistance. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and recommended it. From the first day I took it began to feel better and now I am well and able to do my work any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound to others and give it to them,"—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 1st, Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous woman had been to a physician in Newark was because she was successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

W. N. U. 1202

The plan to overthrow the Russian government was hatched in New York by Leon Trotsky and four hundred other "soap box orators" on the East Side, according to a report in the Jan. 10 issue of the police inspector in chief of the home defence league, in an address recently. "The police learned of the plot," said the inspector, "but were unable to follow the reports any further, except until the departure of the hand for Russia. Trotsky, or Leon Braunstein, as we know him, was at the time a member of the home defence league."

There are 1,200,000 fewer sheep in the United States now than when the war began, and the United States is manufacturing more than twice as much wool as it produces. These facts seem to point to opportunities for sheep raising where conditions are favorable.

The most sought-after trophies of the war are walking sticks made from a German acrobatic propeller. They are very light, show the laminations of the wood, and polish up to a very fine color.

Brazil has, for the period of the war, abolished all private wireless stations and plants.

### The American Sector

American Troops Prepared and Confident When Big Clash Comes

They are trained and seasoned men for the most part, these regiments which on January 19 took over the Lorraine sector, not for instruction, but for combat in the main a first-line force. Their mastery of the technique of bayonet and grenade has won repeated praise from French teachers. With France's gun, the 75, they are reported to have passed French artillery standards for speed and efficiency of fire.

With them, too, however, are some recruits from the replacement department, as well as from a regiment, including not only men of the national guard, but men from civilian life only last year. They are scattered among the veterans of their own army in their various orders that they may learn war's lessons more quickly than in the camps; and already they have proved their metal.

The Lorraine line is no sinecure, no holiday place. Every day sees small engagements of patrols, raiding parties, artillery duels, as Germans and Americans feel each other out. This is the hour of extremity, and the German general, in his orders, says that the men of the fleet's responsibility to the army, with its long and exposed line of communications.

"We cannot fight forts. The short German coast line is studded with forts, as the Belgian coast is also defended. It is the universal experience of war that the navy, in its co-operation with the army, can do little or nothing without the co-operation of military force. It is a common error to speak of the navy as one arm and the army as another; the army is the naval power of a maritime country, and its co-operation is essential ashore if the navy is to fulfil its mission abroad—in other words, compel the enemy to fight."

The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

Today we possess an army which, including regulars and Dominion troops, exceeds 6,000,000 men. But that army has never been possessed by the extension of our sea power in the sense illustrated, for instance, by Sir George Grey, R.M.A., in his studies of the war.

"Our military strategy may have been influenced by events beyond our control, but it remains a fact that we have never possessed what Mr. Grey so well expressed, namely, an army to be used as the projectile of the fleet, and discharged at the weakest point on the enemy's front. In this case, Japan and their troops were more fortunate as were the Americans. It was the Japanese army which forced the Chinese fleet out of Port Arthur and Wei-hai-wei; the Japanese army which captured the Spanish fleet to leave Santiago, to accept overwhelming defeat by sea. The Russo-Japanese war is of such recent date that it is difficult to recall the Japanese troops and not Japanese, captured Port Arthur, evicting the Russian fleet.

The German merchant is beginning to realize that he is bankrupt; for long he has been held to support of the war by the thought that once Germany is victorious, he will be rich. Let him believe it will be, he will be able to ship his accumulated dyestuffs, his held-over Christmas toys, his unsold manufactured articles of all kinds, immediately restore his shattered fortune.

Gradually he is finding out that America has become an exporter of dyestuffs, is making its own Christmas toys, is no longer and never again to be a market for German manufactured goods. He is discovering that his anti-war control of commerce has gone from him forever, that there will be no restoration, that the mark has fallen to a fourth of its former value, and that he is broke.

As this fact dawns upon him the merchant will join the Socialist, the rest will widen the demand upon the market, and the authority which has ever held the German people in subjugation, will become overwhelming and the end of the conflict will be reached.

General Bolshieki has been working upon the world which President Wilson has insisted that they must reach before there can be peace with Germany. We therefore hear say, Mr. Riggs, that the elements of Socialism, the forces of the revolution, are spreading toward the front. They are marked by the eggs, Mr. Utton, Duck Lake, Sask. Curious as to the history of the eggs, Mr. Clague wrote to Mr. Utton for information. In reply he was told 14 months ago at 20 cents a dozen. "You can tell your grocer that he is sure making use of the high cost of living," added the Saskatchewan man.

Boys' and Girls' Competitions

The program for the Industrial Exhibition and Summer Fair to be held at Calgary, Alberta, in July, has been completed, and contains a long list of competitions. No less than \$6,500 is offered in prizes in the boys' and girls' competitions. Never have such handsome prizes been offered for boys' and girls' competitions. These large however, the value of the prizes will be small compared to the educational advantage to the competitors. Among the most interesting events are pig feeding, calf feeding and sheep shearing contests.

German Press Free

German newspapers have informed their readers that New York City for its protection has girded itself with a barbed wire fence 265 miles in length.

The Germans also have been told that 50,000 soldiers are guarding the port of New York, that rigorous measures have been taken in Chicago and elsewhere and that Hoboken is

### War on Land and Sea

The Navy Is Helpless Without Army's Aid

Archibald Herd, the naval critic of the Daily Telegraph, of London, does not look for any immediate and remarkable change in allied naval strategy as a consequence of the recent changes in the British admiralty, and in a recent article the Telegraph he develops his reasons therefor.

"I have heard it remarked that Admiral Jellicoe did not give the country much of a show. That criticism points to complete ignorance of the character of naval power and strategy. The navy is not the fleet, the fleet is the navy's lesson.

"I have heard it remarked that Admiral Jellicoe did not give the country much of a show. That criticism points to complete ignorance of the character of naval power and strategy. The navy is not the fleet, the fleet is the navy's lesson.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.

"The admirals who flew their flags during the last great war had to maintain their blockade in patience during weary months, because the British navy had the greater military power which could have driven the enemy ships to sea or circumstances did not favor such a course.



### BRUCE'S FAMOUS ROOT SEEDS

BRUCE'S GIANT FEEDING BEET—In two colors, white and rose, a cross between Sugar Beet and Mangel, splendid croppers and keepers, and unequalled for feeding, easily harvested.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 30¢;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 55¢; 1 lb. \$1.75 postpaid.

BRUCE'S MAMMOTH WHITE CARROT—A half long variety, heavy cropper, medium quality, easily harvested, grand keeper.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 60¢;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 10¢; 1 lb. \$2.00 postpaid.

BRUCE'S GIANT YELLOW MANGEL—An intermediate variety, heavy cropper, good keeper, of splendid feeding quality and easily harvested.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 40¢;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75¢; 1 lb. \$2.75 postpaid.

BRUCE'S SELECTED SWEDISH TURNIP—A grand purple top variety, splendid for the table and also for feeding cattle. A grand keeper, and keeper.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 40¢;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75¢; 1 lb. \$2.75 postpaid.

FREE: Our valuable 112-page catalog of Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Implements and Poultry Supplies. Write to-day.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd. HAMILTON, ONTARIO Established Sixty-Eight Years

## HOW CRUEL GERMAN AUTOCRACY MAY BE CRUSHED BY THE ALLIES

### A CHANCE THAT THE WAR MAY END THIS YEAR

American Correspondent Believes That Enemy Defeat Will Result From Some New Military Point of Attack, or the Internal Conquest of Germany by the Socialists

There is a chance for the war being ended within the present year and ended in a way to crush completely the German autocracy of what the Germans would be convinced would be more successful.

America was brought in to end the war, not to aid. It was brought in to drive the crushed peace that there will be new military movements, terrific sacrifices of life, enormous expenditures yet made before the crushing blow is delivered. Mr. Riggs is confident. He says that not 100 men idea, the treaty of peace could be signed before preparations would be started in Germany for a renewal of the war, and the German people is the hope held out by Arthur Stanley Riggs, one of the keen American correspondents who have viewed the conflict from the inside.

An economic breakdown in Germany, combined with military offenses, will, in the opinion of Mr. Riggs, bring Germany to her knees. The four years of war is beginning to tell on the German people. The physical condition of the industrial plant has been worn to the breaking point; the propaganda of the Bolsheviks has permeated the public mind; the laborers are beginning to strike; the economic condition of the nation is deteriorating.

Mr. Riggs gives from personal observation and investigation such instances of German autocracy as he can, as to one he has not been able to find. He says that the Hun war is nearer to cross border than ever, and that those who have not heard unprintable details of the rapine and crime can concede to be true as acts of human beings.

Then there is the spirit which makes Germany can still be conquered. He says that the Hun will be able to conquer Germany solely through treachery. The Hun must come from either the internal conquest of Germany by the Socialists, or a combination of the two.

The German merchant is beginning to realize that he is bankrupt; for long he has been held to support of the war by the thought that once Germany is victorious, he will be rich. Let him believe it will be, he will be able to ship his accumulated dyestuffs, his held-over Christmas toys, his unsold manufactured articles of all kinds, and immediately restore his shattered fortune.

Gradually he is finding out that America has become an exporter of dyestuffs, is making its own Christmas toys, is no longer and never again to be a market for German manufactured goods. He is discovering that his anti-war control of commerce has gone from him forever, that there will be no restoration, that the mark has fallen to a fourth of its former value, and that he is broke.

As this fact dawns upon him the merchant will join the Socialist, the rest will widen the demand upon the market, and the authority which has ever held the German people in subjugation, will become overwhelming and the end of the conflict will be reached.

General Bolshieki has been working upon the world which President Wilson has insisted that they must reach before there can be peace with Germany. We therefore hear say, Mr. Riggs, that the elements of Socialism, the forces of the revolution, are spreading toward the front. They are marked by the eggs, Mr. Utton, Duck Lake, Sask. Curious as to the history of the eggs, Mr. Clague wrote to Mr. Utton for information. In reply he was told 14 months ago at 20 cents a dozen. "You can tell your grocer that he is sure making use of the high cost of living," added the Saskatchewan man.

Allies' work is very bad. Do you know that Woodrow Wilson was your age when he was head of the school?"

"Yes, pa, and when he was head of the school he was President of the United States."—Detroit Free Press.

## You Look As You Feel

You know well enough when your liver is loafing.

### CONSTIPATION

is the first warning; then you begin to "feel mean all over."

Your skin soon gets the bad news, it grows dull, yellow, mucky and ugly.

Vigorous purgatives are not what you need—just the gentle help of this old-time standard remedy.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Gentle, safe, effective.

Great Blood.

A BSENCE of Iron in the

Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but

CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people.

THE TIMES, IRMA, ALBERTA

Humphrey P. May

BARRISTER

Main St. - Wainwright

Money to Loan

Special Attention to Estates

Commencing October 3rd, 1917,  
I will be in Irma regularly every  
Wednesday Morning

M. J. CARDELL

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR  
AND NOTARY

PHONE 28 MAIN STREET  
WAINWRIGHT



Meetings are held every Tuesday evening in the Co-operative Hall at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren welcome. T. Knowles, A. A. Dickson N G V G D. M. Mathison R S

DR. MACQUEEN,

Dentist of Wainwright.

At home any time except for one week beginning on the 4th Monday of each month. Better phone for an appointment.

A BERTA & B.C. LAND CO.  
Farm Land Specialists

10208 101 St., Phone 4727

A Well Equipped Office with a Staff of Farm Land Salesmen Try Us if You Wish to Sell EDMONTON, - A BERTA

LET

F. W. WATKINSON

HANDLE YOUR INSUR-  
ANCE FOR FIRE AND  
LIVE STOCK

F. W. WATKINSON

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT  
Fire and Live Stock Insurance Issued

SAVE THE  
CALVES

Mightiest swing ever aimed at premature calving, and cattle abortion, guaranteed to stop calf losses or money back, no time lost, 1 or 100 cattle treated in 5 minutes, treatment will appeal to a cattle owner at once. Send for printed matter on cattle abortion.

McQUEEN'S PRODUCTS  
Plant & Head Office, EDMONTON  
Post Office Box 321, Edmonton, Alberta

IF YOU WANT TO EAT  
WELL  
IF YOU WANT TO SLEEP  
WELL  
IF YOU WANT THE BEST  
SERVICE  
STOP AT  
EDMONDS HOTEL, IRMA

GO TO THE  
Irma Machine Shop  
FOR  
REPAIRS FOR FORD  
CARS

Shock Absorbers, Steering devices  
Tires, Inner Tubes and Tube Tape  
Champion Spark Plugs in all sizes  
Weed Chaus and Non-skid  
Transmission Grease, Hard Oil  
And Cylinder Oil

C. W. LATTNER  
Prop.

The Times

H. G. THUNELL, Publisher  
F. W. WATKINSON, Editor

Published Every Friday Noon at  
Irma, Alberta

April 12, 1918.

Good Bye Winter, Hello Spring!

A gopher in time saves nine.  
Have you got your poison out?

The editor who was judge at a baby show didn't live to tell the tale. He picked the wrong baby.

The riots in Quebec remind us the horrors of war are not three thousand miles away.

The Quebec riots must have made the Kaiser smile. 'Tis an ill wind that doesn't blow somebody some good.

What the farmers need nowadays is not advice on how to increase production but help to increase production.

Talking about Canadian farmers in Germany, if there are any, don't you think they are working for about 19 cents a day and sleeping in an internment camp at night?

A learned professor points out that wealth and fame do not constitute true happiness. So if you have been trying to avoid these things you are on the right track.

How many Canadian and British farmers are there in Germany getting a guarantee of \$2.00 per bushel for their wheat? Don't you think you could count them on your fingers and have a few fingers left?

Indiana has gone dry. That popular song entitled "I Long for My Indiana Home" will possibly take on another meaning to some of those who have strayed away from Hoosier state.

The impression seems to be that anyone who figures out just what is required of him under the Dominion income tax law ought to be allowed to keep the tax as a reward for his ingenuity and industry. —Edmonton Bulletin.

The politicians should not worry. The farmers will raise every ounce of food possible and do their full share in the war. If a kind Providence sends the rain and the sunshine the farmer can be counted on to do his utmost "to bring in the sheaves" at harvest time.

The Canada Food Board has at last done something creditable. They have passed strict regulations against food hoarding by big firms and dealers who will be under penalty to give a detailed report of all food stuffs they have on hand.

The Government proposes an embargo on automobiles. This announcement doesn't sadden the hearts of the 1999 out of 2000 newspaper men in Canada who don't own joy-wagons. The odd one won a flier in a bean-guessing contest and has quit running a newspaper.

The fellow who asked if some loop-hole couldn't be found in the Order-in-Council prohibiting inter-provincial shipments of booze after April 1st, reminds us of the fellow who wondered if it wasn't going to rain and was told that "if it don't it's going to be an awful dry spell."

When all is said and done, the German farmer in Canada is about the luckiest individual on earth. Unmolested and exempt from military service he is allowed to go where he pleases, do as he pleases, and raise all the \$2.00 wheat and \$1.00 oats and pocket the proceeds and feel safe from hordes of invading Huns who commit atrocities on his defenseless women and children.

The increasing cost of paper is said to be due in part to the enormous demands that the government is making on the paper mills. Judging by the amount of circulars and booklets that are being sent to country newspapers by the government containing matter that is of no particular use, there is a chance for somebody to institute a big savings in the printing branch of the government.

According to the advertisements now appearing in all the newspapers questionnaires will be sent to all men who received exemption from the local tribunals, or who were placed in Medical Class "E" by the medical boards. Judging from the wording of the advertisement the government is not at all satisfied with the work of the local boards that were appointed, and now propose to go over their work.

You can talk all you want about the lowly tractor but it's wonderful to see how the fences go up around the vacant sections when a few of them get into a district. The more the merrier. More tractors mean more new breaking, more breaking means more wheat, more wheat means more money, more money means more business, more business means better towns, better towns means better country, better country means better farmers, better farmers mean everything. The farmer is the fellow upon whose shoulders rests the fate of Empires in times like these.

The Loyalty League of Collinsville, Illinois, took Robt. H. Prager, a German, who was accused of making disloyal remarks, led him thru the streets barefoot and later hung him to a tree. Evidently the 10,000,000 Germans in the United States who were supposed to start a revolution in the States in case war was declared against Germany are not revolutionizing a great deal.

While the above methods may not be condoned by the civilized world, yet they must take the edge off of anyone who has any idea of starting a revolution.

Do You Need Farm Help?

The Department of Agriculture is going to assist the farmers to secure competent farm help, and all farmers in this district should see the local secretary of the U.F.A. who has this matter in hand. It is imperative to hand in your names at once.

Girls 16 or Over Attention.

Plans are in full swing for the Girls' and Leaders' Conference to be held in Edmonton, April 12-14, with a special session for Sunday School Teachers and Leaders, Thursday evening, April 11th.

The Committee, representing the Denominations, Women's Institutes United Farm Women, etc., are expecting about 200 delegates from out of town. The number is limited. All girls from out of town must be registered delegates, that is, they must send in their application form with registration fee of \$1.00 enclosed to Miss J. Montgomery, University of Alberta, Edmonton, April 9th. The time is short. All Sunday School Classes, Girls Clubs, High School Girls' Clubs, Young People's Societies, should appoint their delegates and have them register at once.

We are expecting a splendid time. Bring a note book. Have a song to sing at the Banquet from your town. Do it now.

## TO ELIMINATE ALL PROFITEERS

Ottawa, April 4.—New regulations of far-reaching effect, prepared by the Canada food board and effective today, April 4th, will eliminate the speculative element from the produce business. The food board's order definitely limits the quantities of produce which a dealer may own, or have in storage for his account, to fit his reasonable requirements and also makes impossible for him to carry larger quantities of food than are required to provide for his Canadian trade requirements during the season, of scant production or supply. The holding of excessive quantities of produce in storage after the expiration of the period of scant production is thus made illegal and subject to heavy penalties. Monthly reports giving details of supplies on hand, volume of business, profits, etc., will be required. These reports will be in such form that the Canada food board will at all times know the quantity of foodstuffs owned by each dealer. In this way hoarding, speculation and profiteering will be impossible and the possibility of waste will be cut to its lowest.

## RECRUIT SOLDIERS TO SERVE IN QUEBEC

Alberta soldiers are wanted for service in Quebec, according to word received in Edmonton. Militiamen engaged in the quelling of riots in Quebec city will probably be withdrawn from service there and regular army men will take their places. A company of 250 men will be recruited at Calgary, fully armed and equipped and sent to Quebec within ten days. Returned veterans in category A, B, and C, will be considered for this service, and any men in the Edmonton district who desire to help in maintaining law and order in Quebec may report to Major McNeil at the 101st armories.

### No More Loafing.

Ottawa, April 6.—Idleness in Canada is now punishable by penalty. An order-in-council read in the house by the prime minister this afternoon enacts that "all persons domiciled in Canada shall, in the absence of reasonable cause to the contrary, engage in useful occupations."

The purpose is to prevent persons capable of useful work from remaining idle at a time when the country most urgently requires the service of all human energy possible.

### IRMA MARKET

(Subject to change without notice)

Wheat—	
No. 1 Northern.....	201
No. 2 .....	198
No. 3 .....	195
No. 4 .....	188
Oats—	
No. 2 CW.....	81
No. 1 feed, extra.....	78
Feed.....	75
Barley—	
No. 3.....	155
No. 4.....	150
Rye—	
No. 1.....	225
No. 2.....	220
Flax—	
No. 1 NW.....	360
No. 2 CW.....	357
No. 3 CW.....	387
Potatoes, per bus.....	1.25
Butter, per lb.....	.40
Eggs, per doz.....	.32
Flour.....	5.75
Sugar.....	2.25
Cow feed, per lb.....	4.8
Steers, per lb.....	6.10
Mutton, per lb.....	.8
Hogs, per lb tops.....	.17
Hay, per ton.....	5.00
Coal, per ton.....	5.00 to 6.50

## MILLINERY OPENING

Mrs. M. Wilcox of Wainwright will hold her Spring Millinery Opening on March 20th and following days.

All are invited to attend and see the best Display of Millinery ever shown in Wainwright.

Styles and prices to suit every one.

## C. P. R. LANDS

Buy that C.P.R.

QUARTER adjoining your place before some one else does.

### TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

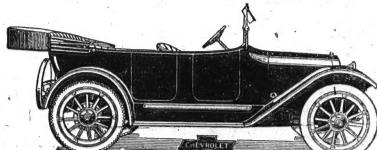
NAMELY: On tenth cash, next principal payment in four years, balance of principal in sixteen equal payments. Interest at 6 per cent. Provided settlement duties are fulfilled the interest is reduced to two per cent for the first two years.

DO YOU want any more farm or pasture land? If you do and want to be sure of any particular quarter, get in your application at once.

J. W. WYATT, or P. J. HARDY, Local Agents

## JUST ARRIVED

A CAR LOAD OF MODELS 490 & BABY GRANDS



GET IN YOUR ORDER FOR SPRING DELIVERY  
WHILE THEY LAST---THE ONLY FULLY EQUIP-  
PED UP-TO-DATE CAR AT THE PRICE

HARDY & DICKSON, Dealers

## THE IMPERIAL LUMBER CO., LTD.

Are you wondering where to buy your next bill of lumber?

Why not ask your neighbor—he got his from us—ask him if he had any trouble with us showing him one grade, attempting to load him with an inferior grade and ask him if he did not get satisfaction and a better deal than offered him any place else?

Talk it over with whom you please but see us before buying.

## THE IMPERIAL LUMBER CO., Ltd.

H. A. CLUTE, Local Mgr.

IRMA, ALTA

Patronize Times' Advertisers

**H. V. FIELDHOUSE L. B.L.**  
BARRISTER ETC.  
Money to Loan, Fire and Life  
Insurance Written, Special At-  
tention Given to the Collection  
of Accounts. Appointments at  
Irma by arrangement. Phone  
No. 13 Wainwright, Alta.

**Irma L.O.L. No. 2066**

Meet the First Friday in every  
month. Visitors welcome.  
H. Burkholder, W.M.  
A.R. Pennock, Sec'y.

**CITY DRAY CO.**

See J. R. Brown for draying  
work of all kinds Charges  
Reasonable, Prompt Service

**DONT FORGET THE CLUB**

room for your use at the Church  
Basement. Reading, Writing  
Material and Games.

**EVERYBODY WELCOME****Malcolm M. Cook, Violinist**

I am now prepared to take  
pupils on the violin, and would  
ask those interested to call and  
talk the matter over with me.

**Malcolm M. Cook, Violinist****IF YOU WANT GOOD FARM**

help at going wages phone or  
write

**LOGAN'S EMPLOYMENT AGY.**

Edmonton Alberta

**The Times Printing  
Department**

Leave orders with F.W. Watkinson

**G.T.P. Time Card**

East Bound No. 2 due 12.09 pm  
West Bound " due 6.45 pm

Local freight from East,  
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.  
From West: Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

**EAT**  
**CAMPBELL'S**  
**BETTER BREAD**  
Best Bread baked in Edmonton  
Sold Irma the day it is baked  
Rye, Brown, Currant and White  
Bread. Try some today.  
**IRMA CO-OP**  
Irma, Alta.

**C. A. BASSETT**  
Druggist  
For Better Drug Store Service  
**IRMA : ALBERTA**  
**Be Sure To Get**  
Your  
**FORMALDEHYDE**  
While it lasts  
Bottles, Jugs or in bulk

**IRMA'S NEW**  
**Barber Shop &**  
**Billiard Parlor**  
Is now open in the Building  
formerly occupied by the  
Co-Op's Gen's Furnishing  
Department  
Everything New, Clean and  
Up-To-Date  
Bert Stewart, Prop.

**VIKING**

Evan Jones assisted the Irma or-  
chestra at Irma last Friday at the  
dance held in the Co-op hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J.J. Poole were  
hosts to a number of young people  
who spent Friday evening at the  
home enjoying games and dancing.

N. N. Coffey arrived from Schom-  
berg, Ont., Sunday evening. He is  
preparing to have his land in the  
Wavy Lake put under plow this  
spring.

The school teachers have all come  
back from their Easter holidays  
and are hard at work again. School  
opened on Monday in most of the  
schools in this district.

P. McPherson was busy last week  
unloading a car of stock and ma-  
chinery and moving it to his farm  
in the Wavy Lake District.

With so many automobile owners  
in this district it would be in order  
to organize an automobile owners  
association.

The town council of Irma has de-  
creed that the first week in May  
shall be "Clean-Up Week" in Irma.  
A good example for other towns to  
follow.

J. E. Kringen's new residence in  
the northwest part of town is rapid-  
ly assuming proportions. Johnson  
& Johnson have the contract. We  
understand that Mr. and Mrs. C.G.  
Purvis will occupy the residence  
when completed.

Gas isn't going to waste its sweet-  
ness on the desert air north of town  
forever. A Seattle firm has 200  
miles of gas piping to sell to the  
gas company. This knocks the day-  
lights out of their old excuse that  
they could get no pipe.

Because of their inability to se-  
cure the necessary iron pipe required  
to bring the gas from the Viking  
fields to the city, was the reason  
given by the Northern Alberta Na-  
tural Gas Development company for  
not carrying out their contract with  
the city and also asking for an ex-  
tension of its provisions.

Superintendent Turner of the  
Edmonton waterworks department,  
now points out to the city commis-  
sioners that there is an excellent  
opportunity to carry out its bar-  
gain.

The Pacific Car and Foundry Co.  
of Seattle, has offered to the city  
200 miles of 8-in. wrought iron piping  
30 lbs weight per foot, and in  
the best condition, and which could  
be used for either gas, oil, or water.  
The piping was originally laid for  
oil, and is now located in the mid-  
dle west.

Superintendent Turner says that  
his department does not need any  
pipe just now, but he suggests that  
it would be a good offer for the gas  
company, and that it should be  
turned over to them.

During the first part of May  
there will be a Dominion wide cam-  
paign to raise funds for the Mil-  
itary Y.M.C.A. Mr. Phillips, of Cal-  
gary has been given the task of orga-  
nizing this part of the province  
and visiting Viking on Sunday last,  
A "hurry-up" meeting of business  
men was held on Sunday at 4 P.M.  
when the following officers were  
elected:

Chairman, J.C. Chapman, joint  
and vice chairman, W.L. Campbell,  
S.H. Somersall; secretary, C.G.  
Purvis; treasurer, H. Bellans.

The following committees were  
appointed: Finance; Lar Kelly, J.  
L. Dadds, Max Stenger, Publicity;  
B. Hilliker, H. G. Thunell, E. B.  
Hummel; List: W. McAthey, T.  
F. Goodwin, A.A. Long; Meeting;  
Rev. T. F. Lund, Father Steinmetz,  
Dr. Egedahl, Rev. Hanson, and  
Rev. Chase.

The territory to be covered by  
this unit is from Jasper to Brule  
on the G.T.P., about half way be-  
tween GTP and CNR north and  
half way between GTP and C.P.R.  
south, or about the same as the ter-  
ritory worked from here when can-  
vassing for Victory Bonds.

A conference for all Alberta or-  
ganizations will be held in Calgary  
soon when the work will be fully  
planned and further announcement  
will be made in next week's issue.

One or more delegates will be sent  
from Viking.

Wherever Khaki is, there is the  
Military Y.M.C.A.? This organization  
has the patronage of all high  
officials of the army and navy and  
deserves a boost from every man  
woman and child who remains in  
Canada and is being protected by  
the boys "over there."

**POPULAR WANTS.**

**FOR SALE**—Seed oats, Abundance  
variety. G.A. Green, Irma.  
Suff.

**WANTED**—A few broody hens.  
Apply to F.W. Watkinson, Irma.

**FOR SALE**—Second Hand Fanning  
Mill; cheap. H. W. Love, Irma.

**FOR SALE**—Registered Shorthorn  
Bull. H. W. Love, Irma.

**I have buyers** for several good  
quarter and half section farms.—  
P. J. Hardy, Irma.

**FOR SALE**—Four turkey hens.  
Apply H. Kasten, Sec. 13-45-10.  
Suff.

**WANTED**—to trade a yearling filly  
for good work horse. Apply F.W.  
Watkinson, Editor Times.

**FOR SALE**—2 gray ganders at \$8  
each, or would exchange for geese.  
Mrs. Wm. Walker, Irma.

**Tenders Wanted** for breaking  
about 75 acres on SE. 15-46-8-4.  
N. Honing, Irma, e-o McMurray  
9-10p.

**FOR SALE**—A few good broody  
sows. Bred to pure-bred Duroc-  
Jersey Boar. Apply to G. A.  
Siffon Co. Ltd., Irma. 10-2p.

**FOR RENT**—20 acres, 2½ miles  
southwest of Irma, small shack  
and stable, on shares or for cash.  
H. W. Love, Irma. 9-10p.

**FOR SALE**—Pure bred young  
Duroc Jersey sows and boars.  
William M. Rees, SW 28-45-9  
W4, Irma, Alberta.

**WANTED**—Work as foreman or  
manager of farm by a competent  
man.—Apply to F. W. Watkinson,  
Irma, Irma.

**FOR SALE**—One Emerson gang  
plow. Good as new, will sell cheap  
for cash. Henry H. Reber, SW 34-  
46-9, Irma.

**FOR SALE**—18 single disk drill,  
new last year, sold by Cockshutt  
Plow Co. Apply to E. T. Mc-  
Dowell, Irma. 10-2p.

**FOR SALE**—Two good grade Here-  
ford Bulls also two good work  
horses, 1 mare and 1 gelding.—  
Apply Geo. Hill, 3249-9, Irma.  
10-2p.

**STRAYED**—From SW 20-45-11  
about June 5th, 1917, one dark  
bay mare, white spot on forehead,  
white hind foot, build blocky,  
weight about 1150. \$10.00 reward  
for information leading to recovery.  
Mr. Fred Green, Kinsella.  
10-2p.

**Found**—Strayed to my place about  
September, red heifer coming 2 years,  
small white star on forehead,  
white on belly and white  
tip tail. Owner can have same  
by proving property and paying  
expenses. J. C. Wood. See 30-  
45-11.

**FABYAN**  
Master Jack McLeod of Wain-  
wright, spent the Easter holidays  
at J. T. Armstrong's.

Mr. Emil Skog, who bought the

"Oscar Alm" half section,

is enlarging and remodeling the house

on the premises, improving it greatly.

We understand that Mr. Norman

King has purchased a new auto in

Edmonton.

Mr. McMillan from Glengarry,

Ontario is living on Mr. Clark's

farm near the Fabyan traffic bridge.

Mr. M. M. Ross has moved away

from the Fabyan district, and has

bought a "quarter" near Irma.

We are glad to see George

Smith place tenanted, by Mr. Kit-

chen of Wainwright, he having just

moved into it.

Mr. Rydahl has returned from

his winter's work at the Buffalo

Park farm, to begin seeding opera-

tions on his place.

The Park gates were locked on

April 1st, and will not be re-opened

unless for a good reason and on ap-

plication to the Superintendent,

who will instruct the riders to let

the applicants in and out. The

gates will likely be re-opened next

fall, when the wood permits are

again issued.

**Ship Your****Cream To The****Northern Creameries****EDMONTON, ALBERTA**

You save from \$5.00 to  
\$10.00 per month more by  
shipping your cream to us.

"The original and only direct  
shipping system from pro-  
ducer to factory in Canada."

**C. A. BASSETT**  
LOCAL AGENT  
**IRMA, ALBERTA**

**The Pioneer Implement  
And Real Estate Agent**

IF YOU need anything in the implement line and want to be  
sure of getting delivery get in your order at once. We  
have the goods.

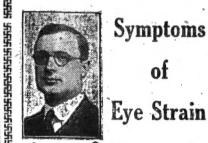
**MASSEY-HARRIS** farm machinery, **Advance Rumley**, **A.**  
**Stanley Jones** and **Emerson-Brantingham** Gasoline  
and Kerosene Tractors and Threshing Outfits.

**STOVES**, Gasoline and Kerosene Stationery Pumping and  
Power Engines.

**STAR** Wind Mills.

**GRAY-CAMPBELL** Buggies and Fanning Mills. I keep a  
stock. You can see what you buy. Be ye not deceived,  
I have the C.P.R. Lands Agency and exclusive C.P.R.  
Township Agency, Hudson's Bay and a long list of Improved Farm Lands, Insurance, Loans.

**E. T. McDowell** **IRMA, ALTA.**



Symptoms  
of  
Eye Strain

There are many such, but  
chief among them are:

**DIZZINESS**  
**NERVOUSNESS**  
**HEADACHES**

If any of these symptoms are  
yours, we can furnish the  
glasses that will prove helpful.

**Albert F. Brown**  
OPTOMETRIST  
**VIKING, APRIL 18th**  
**IRMA, APRIL 19th**

**Dr. Mecklenburg**

The Old Reliable  
Expert

**GRADUATE OPTICIAN**

30 years' experience  
15 years in Alberta

Edmonton Office 203 Williamson  
Bldg., Phone 5225

Has been visiting your town for  
ten years past

Will again visit as follows:

**IRMA**—Thursday, April 18th

**VIKING**—Friday, April 19th

**HOLDEN**—Saturday, April 20th

**INNISFREE**—Mon. March 25th

Charges Moderate  
Satisfaction Guaranteed

**STRAYED**—To my place SW 6-  
46-8, bay mare, yr. old, star  
forehead and beside left of  
hind foot, white. Shows shire  
breeding, wt about 1300. Black  
mare about 3 year old, white  
now strip on face, 2 white hind  
feet, small white on right front  
foot, wt about 1000 lbs. Owner  
can have same by paying for ad.  
Jos. McIlroy.

**BETTER**  
Because

they always hang straight  
they can't sag

stock can't twist them

out of shape

they are flexible and in-

destructible

they are stronger than

steel, wire, or

**CHEAPER**  
Because

they cost no more than  
clumsy all wood gates

they last three times as

long

they can be repaired  
quickly without expenses  
and without removing  
the gate from its hinges

**Can't Sag Gates**

We Are Sole Agents

**Alberta Lumber Company, Ltd.**  
FRED S. JOHNSTON,  
Manager.

IDEAL FOR ALL BRANCHES  
OF SERVICE.



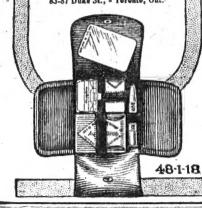
## Auto-Strop SAFETY RAZOR

The Auto-Strop Safety Razor is always in the pink of condition—so perfect that "once over" will remove with a touch every particle of hair.

It is kept in that excellent condition by means of its stropping feature—it is the only razor on the market that sharpens its own blades automatically.

Guaranteed to Satisfy  
COMPLETE OUTFIT  
\$5.00  
AT ALL STORES

Auto-Strop Safety  
Razor Co., Limited  
83-87 Duke St., Toronto, Ont.



40-18

## MAID MARJORIE

BY  
L. G. MOBERLY

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED  
London, Edinburgh, and Toronto

(CONTINUED)

CHAPTER XIX.

The House That Was Hers

Margie Brentwood, on the terrace of Geoffrey Marjordy's, sat and drew a long sigh as she looked across the downs. Now that she had discovered her identity and learnt by what name she was entitled to be called, she had elected to use that name, and did so do. Margie. According to his promise of the day before, Geoffrey had taken his car to The Wilderness to fetch her, and now he and she stood side by side under the wide roof of Maid's Head.

"It is like a sort of fairy land here," Marjory said; "I never saw anything so lovely as your garden, circled about by those great green hills. I have never imagined a garden like this, so full of life and vigour, with eagerness, her eyes shone like great brown stars; she looked at Geoffrey with the smile of a happy child.

"You know it is all yours," he said abruptly, "and I am glad to approach you with so lovely a face, and so kindly manners. It will simplify matters if you make up your mind to take it over as soon as possible; what object is there in delay? There is nothing to wait for. Why don't you come here at once, and begin our new life as the mistress of the Manor?"

"How can I?" she questioned distractingly. "How can I? It is all so beautiful, so much to live for, for me and for my son. Myself I feel as if it would be fair to take him away from you."

"We are not going to open that discussion any more," Geoffrey answered. "I am quite determined that there is no doubt that my father felt he had done a grave wrong to Delicia Donaldson, your grandmother. This is his way of righting the wrong, and the wrong must be righted. You are the right person. If my way, too, the young man said philosophically. "My own idea is that you should come and make this your home as soon as possible. I am turning out at once. No—don't contradict me! The thing is settled; there is no more to be said about it."

I am leaving here directly, I mean to travel for a time; and if you will come and stay here in my stead, it would be the best thing for everybody. Some day, of course, you will marry, and I hope your husband will learn to like the place, and to help you in the management. Meanwhile—the agent is a very good fellow, scrupulously honest and extremely capable. He will look after the estate in every way according to your best interests."

"What do you mean by 'stay away'?" The question slipped involuntarily from Marjory's lips; it seemed as though she were forced to ask it. She had paid very little heed to the latter part of Geoffrey's speech, that part suddenly seemed to all that mattered; and an answer to it all one imperative necessity in her life.

"My present idea is to go to Australia, to look round there for a bit, and learn something about the country. I don't know that I shall go there direct. I have a great wish to go to the East, where I can see all I can of the world, and I am strongly inclined to go to the East and gradually get back to Europe when I have seen something of India and Ceylon, and perhaps the Straits Settlements, and then it will be easy enough to slip on to Australia.

"I mean to be away a long time," Marjory did not look at him, he did not see the shadow of anxiety in her eyes; indeed, his own glance was fixed on the down, he was thinking more of his travels and his future than of the girl by his side.

"I rather think I shall settle in Australia if I stay there, but I may very well perhaps take up sheep farming. I daresay Mr. Matthew Drake will give me some hints. An open-air life appeals to me; I have always thought I should like it, and this would be a good place to start in England, no longer exists." His face hardened as he made this allusion to his broken engagement. "I should like to begin a new life in a new country, and I have stopped to analyse the feelings of black desperation which swept over her at his words; she only knew that her heart ached as heavy as lead, and that a shadow must have crept over the days.

"Some day you will be happy again, won't you?" she faltered with childish earnestness. "I can't bear it. She broke off abruptly, but Geoffrey followed her.

"You can't hear what?" he said, his hard tones melting into gentleness; "surely you are not worrying about my wretched affairs?" Miss Tremayne was quiet within her thoughts in this matter over. She said no longer cared for me. My private conviction now is that she never cared for me at all. And in any case it is a woman's privilege to jilt a man, and she chose to make a scalphunter. All the hardness and bitterness of her conduct to his face was set like a flame, and Margie put out her hands impulsively.

"Don't," she said. "Don't! I can't bear it, when you talk like that, when you look as you look now. I think all women are not scalp hunters." She went on a ring of indignation in her voice, "all women do not throw men over, and—do not such cruel things?"

"I beg your pardon for speaking bitterly," Geoffrey looked at her contritely; he saw to his surprise that her brown eyes were brimming over with tears; that her lips quivered.

"I have been rather hard hit, and I was venting my bitterness on you, which I had no right to do. You may or may not be right about the generality of your sex. Perhaps all women are not scalp hunters; I do not wish to speak too sweepingly. But certainly a great many of them think no more of jilting a man, than of throwing away an orange skin."

A few may be as horrid as that," Marjory was trying to calm him down, "but there are only a few. Women generally are loyal to the men they love, and they want to make men happy, not to hurt them. You ought to be fair to us."

"I did not mean to be unfair," There was compunction in Geoffrey's tones. "Perhaps I was letting my own personal misfortunes distort my vision. I will reverse my decision, and we will go to Australia together; we will agree with you one bit."

"There was compunction in Geoffrey's tones. "Perhaps I was letting my own personal misfortunes distort my vision. I will reverse my decision, and we will go to Australia together; we will agree with you one bit."

"I think you're wrong," the girl answered gently, "taking other people's troubles to heart could not ever be a waste of energy; and as for it, I did not mind what you agreed with you one bit. I believe even a sympathetic thought is a help, if it is not of a mawkish kind, but the sort that tried to people on their feet, and give them a fresh start, sympathy always helps."

Geoffrey smiled down at her, and the hard look died out of his eyes.

"You have beautiful thoughts," he said. "I wish I could feel as you do. You are a生人, and I am too viciously."

"I think you're wrong," the girl answered gently, "taking other people's troubles to heart could not ever be a waste of energy; and as for it, I did not mind what you agreed with you one bit. I believe even a sympathetic thought is a help, if it is not of a mawkish kind, but the sort that tried to people on their feet, and give them a fresh start, sympathy always helps."

"I think you're wrong," the girl answered gently, "taking other people's troubles to heart could not ever be a waste of energy; and as for it, I did not mind what you agreed with you one bit. I believe even a sympathetic thought is a help, if it is not of a mawkish kind, but the sort that tried to people on their feet, and give them a fresh start, sympathy always helps."

Geoffrey smiled down at her, and the hard look died out of his eyes.

"You have beautiful thoughts," he said. "I wish I could feel as you do. You are a生人, and I am too viciously."

"I think you're wrong," the girl answered gently, "taking other people's troubles to heart could not ever be a waste of energy; and as for it, I did not mind what you agreed with you one bit. I believe even a sympathetic thought is a help, if it is not of a mawkish kind, but the sort that tried to people on their feet, and give them a fresh start, sympathy always helps."

(To Be Continued.)

A distinguished doctor who dabbled in literature recently published a poem. Shortly after its appearance he was conversing with a lady friend. "I tell you, doctor," she remarked, "so I have heard, that you are writing verse." "Oh, merely to kill time!" "Indeed! Have you disposed of all your other patients?"—Vancouver Province.

Before the outbreak of hostilities the Dominion bought all the lead pencils it required from Austria.

Now Canada is not only making sufficient to supply her own needs, but is selling large quantities to the other parts of the world.

## Wonderful for the Blood!

Cures Sallow Skin, Headache,  
Langor and Tiredness

You don't need to be told how you feel—blue, sort of sickish, poor appetite, vague pains, tired in the morning, and the condition is common to this season.

Fortunately there is prompt relief in Dr. Hamilton's Pills which immediately relieve the system of all poisons and disease-producing matter.

Thousands have been so utterly depressed, pressed out as to be dependent, but Dr. Hamilton's Pills cure all these complaints.

It is the power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

"Last spring my blood was thin and weak, I was terribly languid, and I had lost all interest in life.

When I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills,

they did me a world of good."

At all dealers in 25c boxes.

## Cold Storage Eggs

Board Will Make Cold Storage Men Stand the Loss if They Hold Eggs Too Long

A recommendation of far-reaching importance has been issued by the food committee appointed by the Canadian food board and has been incorporated in an order just issued by the food board regulating the whole of Canada.

It is provided that no licensee shall pay or demand payment for

eggs in excess of a margin of allowance of one per cent. on the number of eggs in each tray. Licensees are also prohibited, when putting eggs in cold storage, to furnish to the operator of the cold storage a statement in writing certifying that such eggs have been candied and boiled and are otherwise removed.

Licenses serving eggs in cold storage, whether their own or control must keep a proper record of such candling.

The committee in its report stated that it had in mind a fair method of dealing with the important conservation of food that may readily be accomplished. It is stated that the loss from bad eggs in Canada amounts to millions of dollars annually, and is largely preventable and that the imposing of such loss on the parties under whose lack of care it has developed would result in such improved methods of care in handling eggs as will do away with great expense.

This important order should be left out of our calculations when the housewife is considering how best she may use and substitute.

"I know you are saving money," said the housewife, "but it must be wonderful to gain on the broad expanse of the ocean and breathe the clean salt air."

"Yes," replied the stoker. "It must be—Ottawa Journal."

## War and Food

No. II—RICE

Although rice has been recognized as a good food on this continent since early colonial times, yet it has not been given as important a place in our diet as it deserves, according to Edward A. Woods, a well-known statistician of Pittsburgh. Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only one chance in two of returning, indicates, according to Mr. Woods, that its spread is largely pro-German propaganda assisted by pro-German Americans.

Woods' report of a false statement to the effect that rice was not a good food sent to France has only



## Pure Bred Registered Clydes.

Young Men's  
Summer  
Clothes

EVERY man must settle right soon the question of warm weather garments.

What are you going to do about it?

If you knew for a certainty that there is one place in town where you can get your ideal of a suit—custom tailored—at the lowest price consistent with quality, would that help you?

**Peck's**  
MADE-TO-MEASURE  
CLOTHES FOR MEN

—procurable through us—answer your question fully and completely.

Models for business, dress and outing; fabrics that harmonize perfectly with every style. Prices that are not a drain on your purse.

Better call now while choice is best.

IRMA CO-OPERATIVE CO. LTD.  
Irma, Alta.

## SHARPLES

Famous Suction Feed Separator Skims Clean at Any Speed Saves Cream Now Lost By All Other Separators. Because it skims cream at widely varying speeds. Simple Tubular bowl no discs.

For Sale By:

NORTHERN CREAMERIES, LTD.,  
And Agents  
Distributors for Northern Alberta

C. A. BASSETT, LOCAL AGENT, IRMA, ALBERTA



## Fight with Food

A Call to the Whole Dominion for the Utmost Effort to Produce Food for our Soldiers and Allies



OUR ALLIES are desperately short of food. In the midst of plenty ourselves we must face the stern reality of England on shorter rations than she has been for over a hundred years, and France with only three days' food reserve. Even from their present small supplies they are saving Italy from collapse through hunger.

Since shipping must be concentrated on the shortest routes, Canada and the United States must continue to be practically the only source of supply. Canada must provide wheat and meal in increasing quantities to meet a situation that imperils the issues of the war.

Men who can be spared for work on the farms must serve in this way. Those who are obliged to remain in the city or town can at least raise vegetables in their gardens or on vacant lots.

Every effort will be made to see that labor is forthcoming to harvest the maximum crops that farmers can produce.

An increased spring acreage in wheat and other grain is vitally needed.

Stock raisers are asked to provide the greatest possible production of meat, especially pork. Starvation is threatening our Allies. Everyone in Canada must fight by doing his or her utmost to produce and to conserve food.

CANADA FOOD BOARD

*John Thompson*  
Director of Production

*Henry A. Turner*  
Chairman and Director of Conservation

*Jack McGregor*  
Director of Agricultural Labor

W. H. W.

W. H. W.